

# USCDI+ Cancer Update

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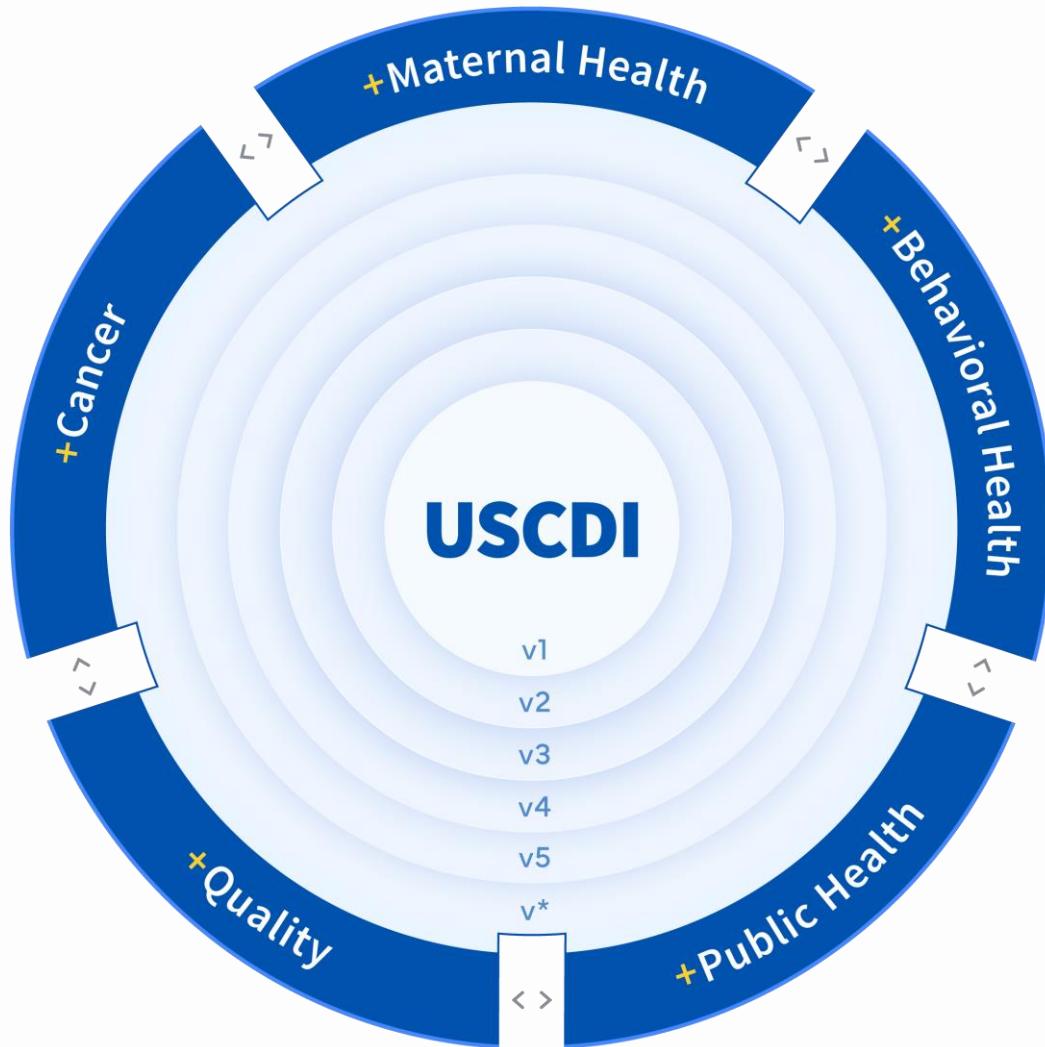
October 17, 2024



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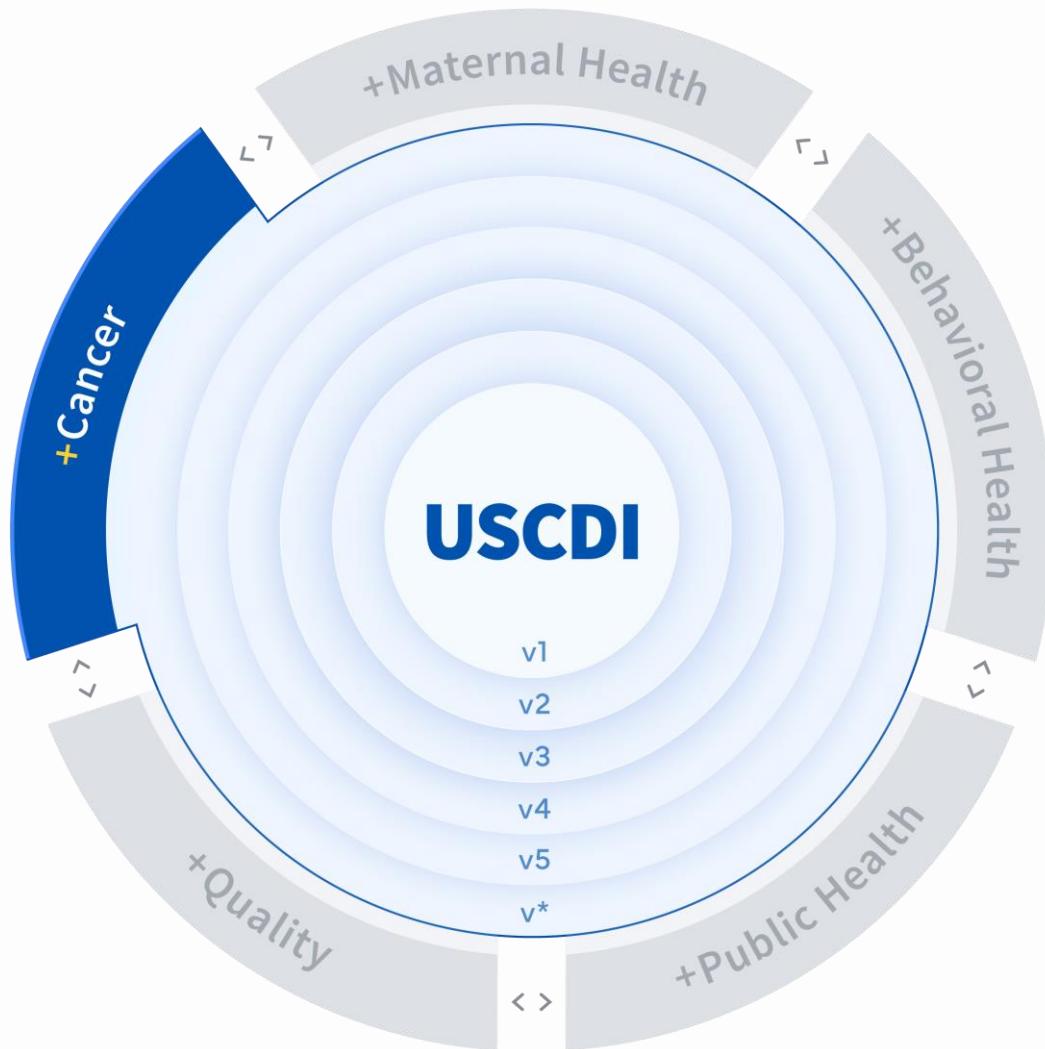
1. USCDI+ Cancer Background
2. Cancer Data Exchange Summit Recap
3. Use Case Update
  - ▶ Enhancing Oncology Model (EOM)
  - ▶ Cancer Registry (CR)
  - ▶ Clinical Trials Matching (CTM)
  - ▶ Immunotherapy Related Adverse Events (irAE)
4. Next Steps

# USCDI+: Extending Beyond the USCDI



- Unique program and use case-specific data needs are sometimes not fully met by USCDI.
- ASTP's USCDI+ initiative helps government and industry partners build on USCDI to support specific program needs.
- Applies USCDI processes for submission and harmonization while focusing on programmatic priorities.
- Seeks to leverage programs and authorities across HHS to drive adoption.

# USCDI+ Cancer



- ONC partnership with NCI, CMS, CDC, and FDA.
- Supports the White House Cancer Moonshot Initiative.
- USCDI+ Cancer aims to:
  - ▶ Capture the data needs for cancer reporting that fall outside the scope of USCDI.
  - ▶ Create a list of cancer data elements that addresses multiple partner needs and use cases.
  - ▶ Support data integration.
  - ▶ Align HHS policies for cancer reporting programs.

# Lifecycle of a USCDI+ Project

Discovery

Use Case  
Drafting\*

Environmental  
Scan/  
Interested  
Party  
Interviews

Use Case  
Refinement\*

Data Element  
List  
Development

- Draft List Published
- Comment Period
- Dispositioning
- Finalization

IG  
Development

Testing/  
Piloting

Adoption in  
Production\*

- This lifecycle assumes a USCDI+ Project that leverages use cases for refinement
- Not all projects have a specific production process as a goal

# Special Considerations for USCDI+ Cancer

White House Commitments by EHR Vendors

Ties to Cancer Moonshot

Need to Collect Information at an Accelerated Timeline

# The World of USCDI+ Cancer

- Enhancing Oncology Model
- Cancer Registry
- Clinical Trial Matching
- Immune-related Adverse Events

## Existing Standards



mCODE™ NAACCR

## Accelerators



# USCDI+ Cancer

## Key Partners



CMS.gov

NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE

## Community Initiatives



### Research

Prospective Data Study

Real World Data

Retrospective Study Data



### Additional Scope

Data Use Agreement

Research Authorization (Data Sharing)

Informed Consent (Study)

# Cancer Data Exchange Summit Recap



The image is a screenshot of the National Cancer Institute (NCI) website for the Cancer Research Data Exchange Summit. The header features the NIH logo and the text "NIH > NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE". Below the header is a navigation bar with links: OVERVIEW, REGISTRATION, AGENDA (which is highlighted in white), VENUE & DIRECTIONS, USE CASES, and PERSPECTIVES. The main content area features logos for the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology (ONC), Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA), and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The background of the content area is a collage of medical and scientific images, including a human torso, a heart, a brain, and a DNA helix, overlaid with binary code and a digital interface. In the bottom right corner of the collage, a doctor and a patient are smiling and looking at a tablet together. Below the collage, the word "Agenda" is written in a dark font, followed by the text "Cancer Research Data Exchange Summit" and "DATE: May 8 - 9, 2024".

# Cancer Data Exchange Summit

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## Establish “The Why”

- Set context
  - Leadership
  - Federal
  - Industry
  - Patient

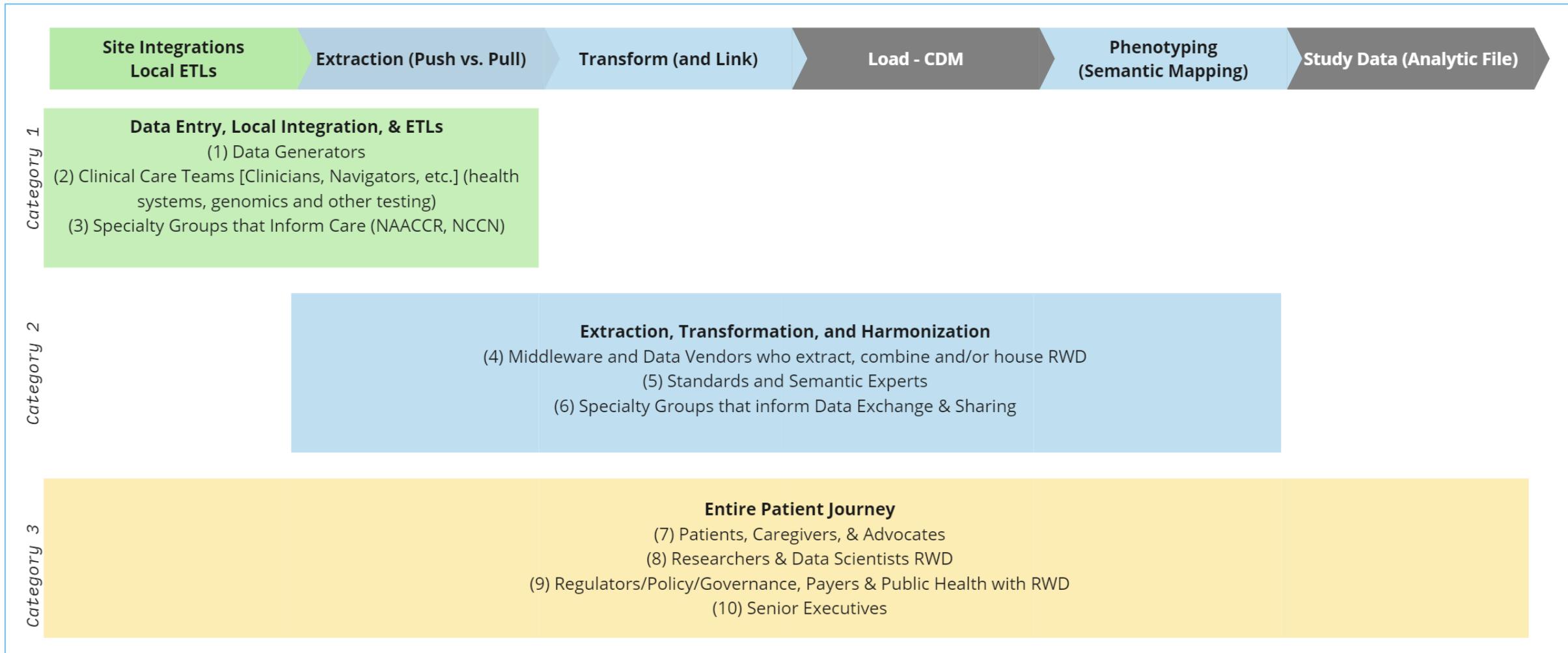
## Breakout Across User Perspectives

- Ten User Perspectives
  - Data Generators
  - Clinical Care Teams
  - Specialty Groups that Inform Care
  - Middleware and Data Vendors
  - Standards and Semantics Experts
  - Specialty Groups that Inform Data Exchange and Sharing
  - Patients, Caregivers, & Advocates
  - Researchers & Data Scientist RWD
  - Regulatory/Policy/Governance, Payers & Public Health with RWD
  - Senior Executives

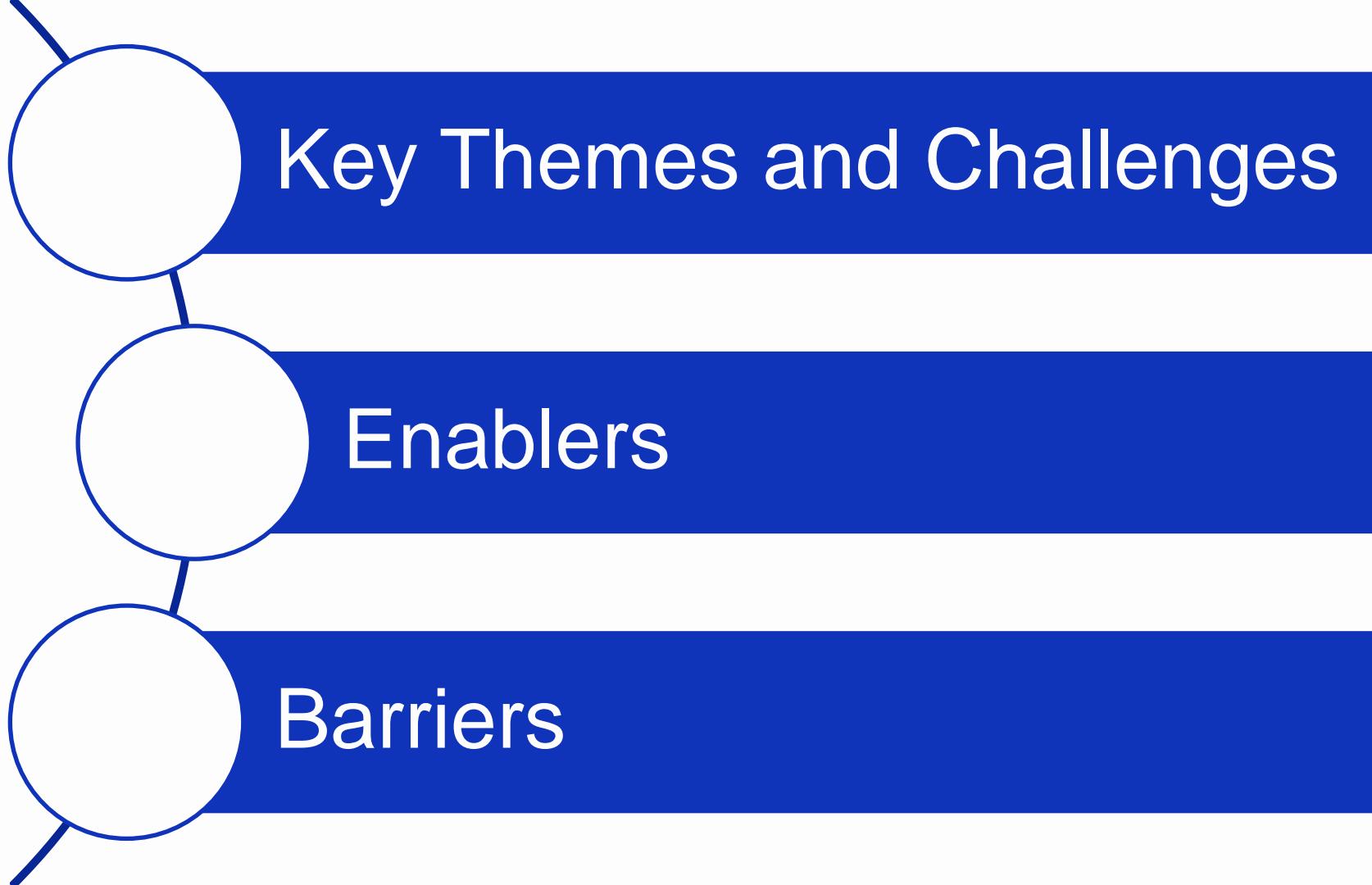
## Breakout Across Use Cases

- Enhancing Oncology Model (EOM)
- Cancer Registry (CR)
- Clinical Trials Matching (CTM)
- Immunotherapy-related Adverse Events (irAE)

# Data Journey Framework



## Summit Focus Areas



# Use Cases



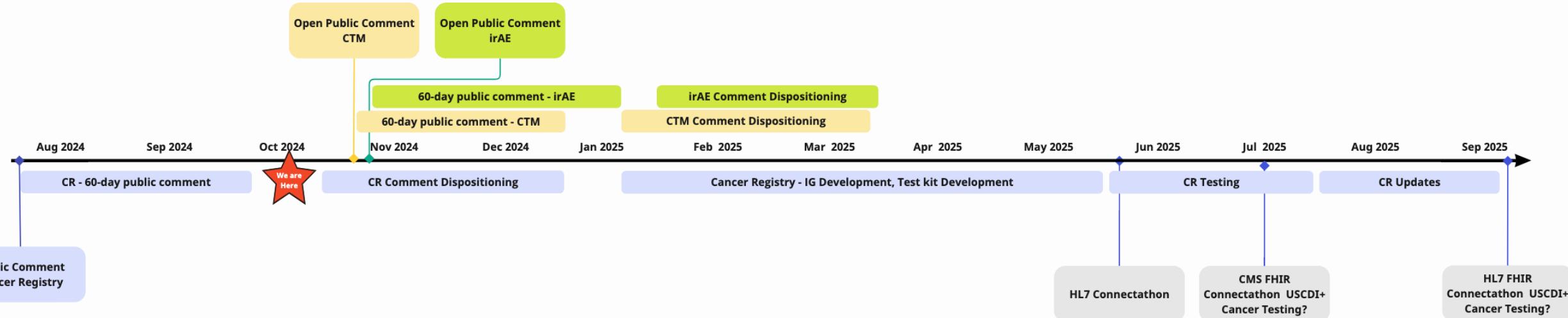
# USCDI+ Cancer Status: Development Progress

	 EOM	 Cancer Registry	 CTM	 RWD irAE
Planning	✓	✓	✓	✓
Discovery period led by consensus	✓	✓	✓	✓
Stakeholder convenings to solicit feedback	✓	✓	✓	✓
Data element development	✓	●	●	●
Disseminate materials – publishing	✓	●		
Connectathon Testing	✓			
Pilot Testing/Production Use	●			

Legend

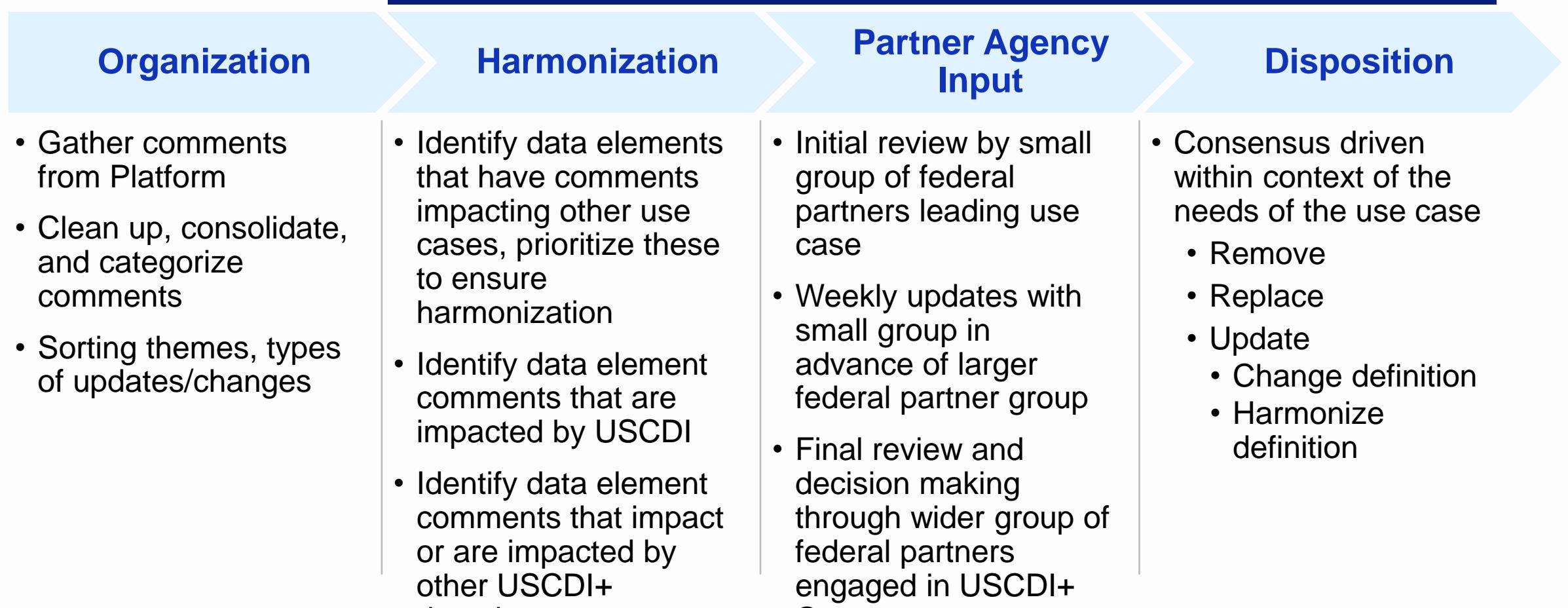
- ✓ Done
- In progress

# USCDI+ Cancer Draft Timeline – through September 2025



# USCDI+ Cancer Comment Disposition Process

Coordination across use cases, domains, and with USCDI



# Enhancing Oncology Model (EOM)

# USCDI+ Cancer: Enhancing Oncology Model (EOM)

## Goals

- Initial use case for USCDI+ Cancer
- Aligned with CMS EOM goal to drive transformation and improvements in care coordination in oncology
- Standardize and harmonize data collection for CMMI model
- Establish a minimum set of cancer-related data for exchange

## Activities

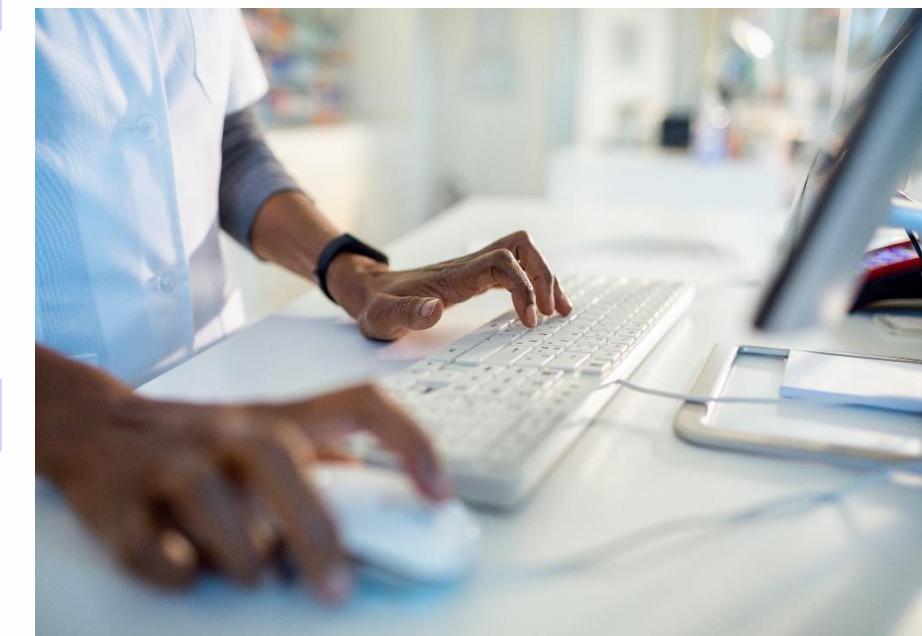
- Published on USCDI+ Cancer platform in May
- Developed EOM IG providing guidance on details, terminologies, and definitions necessary for collection and reporting of clinical data for specific cancer types
- Tested at May HL7, and July CMS FHIR Connectathon
- Publish updates from testing

## Next Steps (now through October)

- EOM Participants leverage EOM IG to report clinical data elements for Production “high tech” submissions.

## Need

USCDI+ Cancer EOM use case supports President’s Cancer Moonshot initiative priorities of supporting patients, caregivers, and survivors, targeting the right treatments for the right patients, and addressing inequities.



# Cancer Registry (CR)

# USCDI+ Cancer: Cancer Registry

## Goals

- Enhance efficiency and timeliness of collection of cancer registry data by identifying standards (e.g., FHIR, mCODE, etc.) to efficiently extract and/or collect cancer registry data directly from EHRs and pathology labs
- Data should be collected at a level of granularity that serves the clinical, public health, and research communities
- Enable early real-time incidence reporting using minimum dataset

## Activities

- Developed and reviewed preliminary data element list at Summit in May.
- Prioritized and collected feedback on draft data elements
- Refined draft data elements

## Next Steps (now through September)

- Public comment for draft data element list from July 23 – Sept 23
- Upcoming Public Listening Session on August 29

## Beyond September

- Publish Implementation Guide
- Test, Pilot

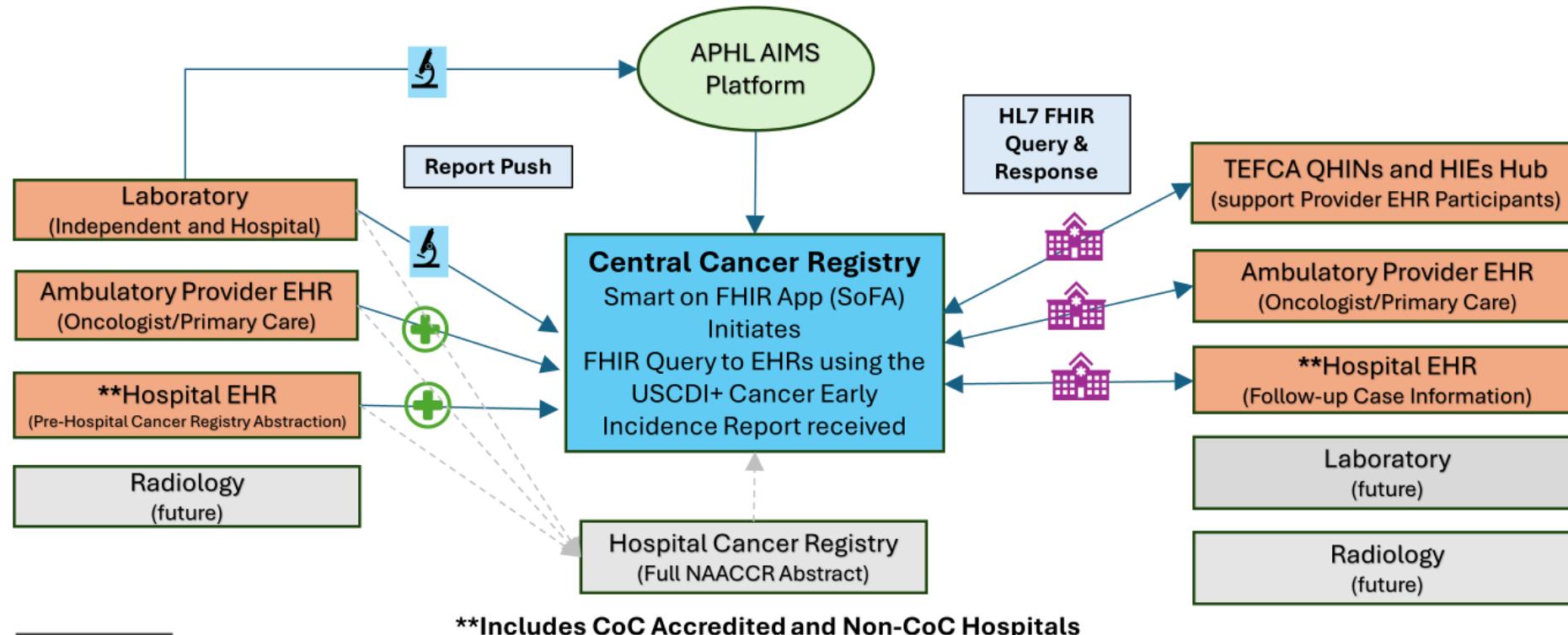
## Need

- Current methods of collecting cancer registry data are time-consuming and labor-intensive, leading to delays in data availability.
- Cancer registry data is spread across multiple sources, including EHRs and pathology labs, making it challenging to compile comprehensive datasets.



# Cancer Registry Reporting Use Case

## USCDI+ Cancer Early Incidence Reporting and Query-Response



### Report Push: USCDI+ Cancer Early Incidence Reporting

NAACCR Laboratory HL7 v2.5.1 CAP eCP and Narrative Reports  
(future) HL7 FHIR Cancer Pathology Data Sharing IG

 HL7 FHIR USCDI+ Cancer Early Incidence Report Profile/IG (To Be Developed)



### HL7 FHIR Query & Response:

- HL7 FHIR Central Cancer Registry Reporting IG
- HL7 CDA Ambulatory Provider Report to Cancer Registry IG
- HL7 FHIR mCODE Profiles

# Feedback Summary

<b>Total Number of Comments</b>	<b>84</b>
Total Number of Commenters	26
Total Consolidated Comments	60



<b>CR Published Data Elements</b>	<b>23</b>
CR Data Elements requiring no action	4
CR Data Elements with proposed changes	19
CR Data Elements proposed to be added	57

<b>EOM Published Data Elements</b>	<b>18</b>
EOM Data Elements with proposed changes	3
EOM Data Elements proposed to be added	24

# Clinical Trials Matching (CTM)

# USCDI+ Cancer: Clinical Trials Matching (CTM)

## Goals

- Quickly and accurately extract key eligibility criteria needed to match patients to a trial from the EHR.
- Semantically map eligibility criteria to existing data standards (e.g., mCODE).
- Support clinical trial matching from both provider and patient perspectives.

## Considerations

- Leveraging NCI, FHIR/mCODE-based profiles for eligibility criteria. Having criterion-specific matching algorithms and data interoperability along with standardized markup languages.
- Facilitating patient access to their health data through APIs and optimizing data use by operators improves the efficiency, accuracy, and personalization of the trial matching process.
- Implementation inconsistencies, inadequate inclusion/exclusion criteria data, reliance on manual processes.

## Need

- Clinical trials are vital to improve patient treatment options and outcomes.
- Limited tools are available for rapidly comparing patient data to open protocols.
- Aligning protocols and key eligibility criteria using a common format (e.g., FHIR, mCODE) helps support comparisons to patient EMR data.
- Support tools that extract key data from EHRs and trial protocols, enable care teams and researchers to match patients to eligible trials.



# USCDI+ Cancer: Clinical Trials Matching (CTM) Cont.

## Activities

- Developed preliminary data element list
- Reviewed preliminary data elements at Summit in May
- Prioritized and collected feedback on data elements
- Refined use case scope

## Next Steps (now through October 2024)

- Publish draft data element list for public comment

## Beyond October

- Publish final data element list
- Develop and Publish Implementation Guide
- Test, Pilot

## Why

- Effective clinical trial matching ensures that patients receive access to the most suitable experimental therapies based on their specific cancer profile, improving the likelihood of positive outcomes
- By efficiently matching patients to trials, research can progress more rapidly, leading to faster development of new treatments and a broader understanding of therapies, ultimately benefiting the wider patient community.



# Immunotherapy Related Adverse Events (irAE)

# USCDI+ Cancer: Immune-related Adverse Events

## Goals

- Capture Adverse Events (AEs) from participants in Phase I, II, and III clinical trials using EHR, imaging, molecular, and pathological data to obtain the needed irAE data
- Improve assessment of interventions by providing higher-quality and more timely information
- Identify and develop data standards necessary to appropriately capture irAEs

## Considerations

- Limited number of EHR systems facilitates standardization and consistency in data collection.
- EHRs making it difficult to accurately capture and manage irAE data. Additionally, the absence of a universal patient identifier complicates data integration across different healthcare systems.
- Operational challenges, such as using manual processes to track trial slots and patient statuses, hinder efficient and accurate irAE monitoring and trial matching.

## Need

- Early detection and accurate documentation of irAEs allow for prompt management, reducing the severity and duration of adverse effects, thereby improving overall patient outcomes.
- AE data scattered across multiple systems leading to inconsistent and incomplete information.
- Understanding the frequency and nature of irAEs aids clinicians in tailoring immunotherapy regimens to individual patient needs, balancing efficacy and safety.



# USCDI+ Cancer: Immune-related Adverse Events Continued

## Activities

- Current and future state diagrams are being updated
- Developed preliminary data element list
  - Reviewed preliminary data element list at Summit in May
- Prioritized and collected feedback on data elements
- Refined use case scope

## Next Steps (now through November 2024)

- Publish draft data element list for public comment

## Beyond November 2024

- Finalize data element list
- Develop and Publish Implementation Guide
- Test, Pilot

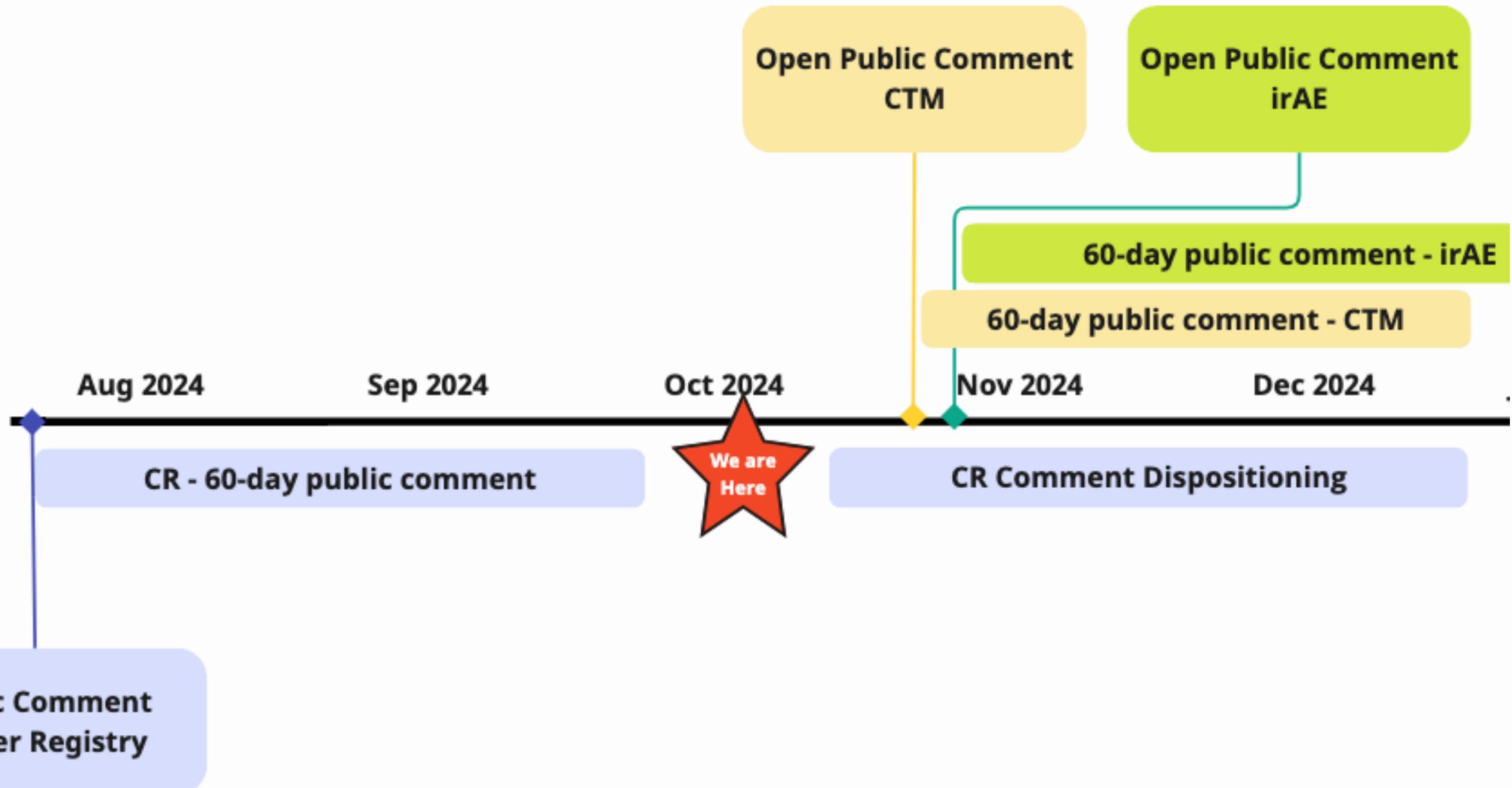
## Why

- Immunotherapy has demonstrated significant improvements in survival and response rates in various cancers, including melanoma, lung, and hematologic malignancies.
- Ongoing trials are expanding its potential through combination therapies and novel agents, driving transformative advances in oncology.



# Next Steps

# USCDI+ Cancer Draft Timeline – Aug through Dec 2024



# Key Upcoming Dates

October 21,  
2024

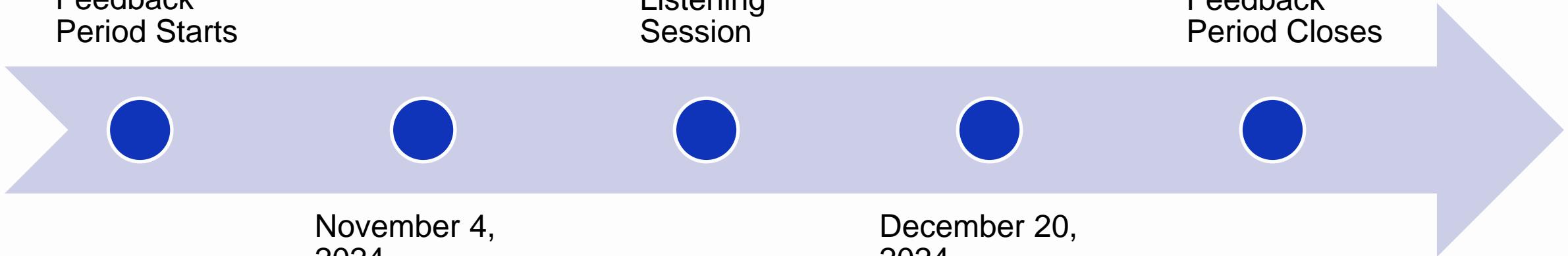
- CTM Draft Data Element List published
- CTM Public Feedback Period Starts

November 7,  
2024

- Public Listening Session

January 10,  
2025

- irAE Public Feedback Period Closes



November 4,  
2024

- irAE Draft Data Element List published
- irAE Public Feedback Period Starts

December 20,  
2024

- CTM Public Feedback Period Closes

# Learn More and Stay Engaged!

1

View Summit and all  
listening session  
recordings [here](#)

2

Share feedback  
on USCDI+ Platform  
in upcoming public  
feedback periods  
for data elements  
[here](#)

3

Reach out to the  
USCDI+ Cancer  
Team  
[USCDI.Plus@hhs.gov](mailto:USCDI.Plus@hhs.gov)

# Questions and Discussion